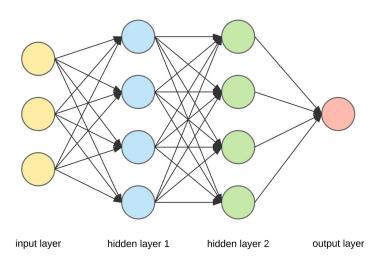
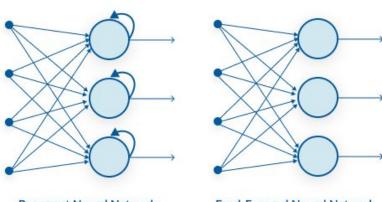
Neural Networks



Recurrent Neural Networks (RNNs)

Recurrent Neural Network structure



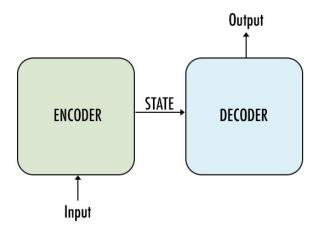
Recurrent Neural Network

Feed-Forward Neural Network

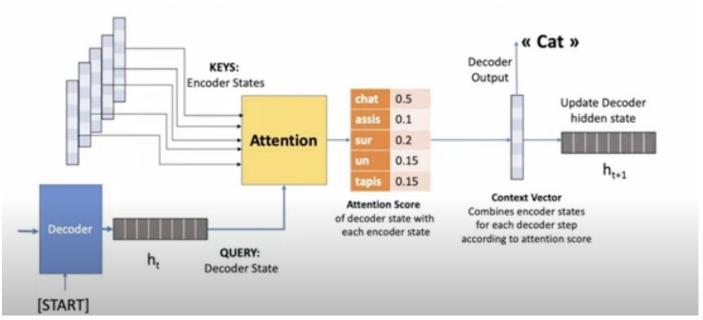
Encoding (tokens) 2013 (we got word2vec)



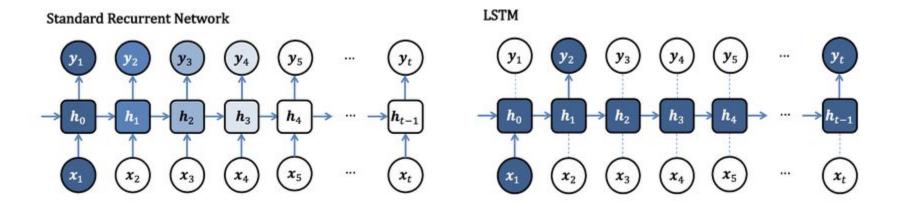
Sequence-to-sequence models (2014)



Attention (2015)



RNN, LSTM Problems



Attention! (2017)

Attention Is All You Need

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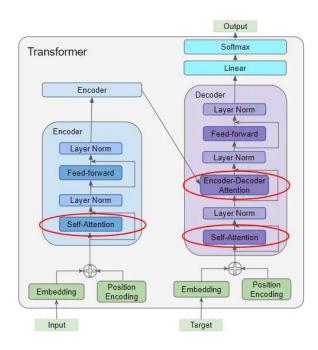
Illia Polosukhin* ‡ illia.polosukhin@gmail.com

Abstract

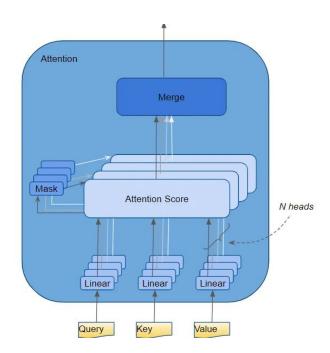
The dominant sequence transduction models are based on complex recurrent or convolutional neural networks that include an encoder and a decoder. The best performing models also connect the encoder and decoder through an attention mechanism. We propose a new simple network architecture, the Transformer, based solely on attention mechanisms, dispensing with recurrence and convolutions entirely. Experiments on two machine translation tasks show these models to be superior in quality while being more parallelizable and requiring significantly less time to train. Our model achieves 28.4 BLEU on the WMT 2014 English-to-German translation task, improving over the existing best results, including ensembles, by over 2 BLEU. On the WMT 2014 English-to-French translation task, our model establishes a new single-model state-of-the-art BLEU score of 41.8 after training for 3.5 days on eight GPUs, a small fraction of the training costs of the best models from the literature. We show that the Transformer generalizes well to other tasks by applying it successfully to English constituency parsing both with large and limited training data.

1 Introduction

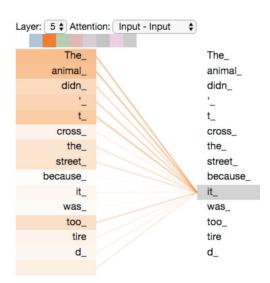
Transformer

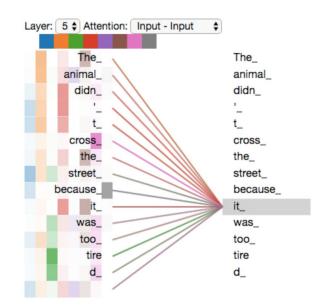


Multi-Head Attention

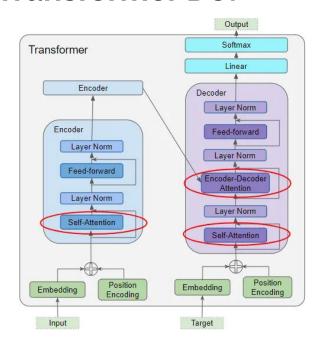


Multi-Head Attention

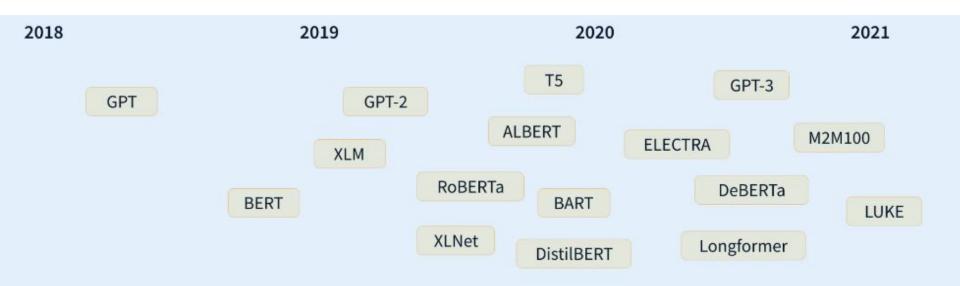




What Does the Transformer Do?



Rise of the LLMS



Zero Shot And Few Shot

Hallucinations - Humans Needed (2022)

Collect demonstration data, and train a supervised policy. A prompt is sampled from our Explain the moon prompt dataset. landing to a 6 year old A labeler demonstrates the desired output behavior. Some people went to the moon... This data is used to fine-tune GPT-3 with supervised learning.

A prompt and several model outputs are sampled.

A labeler ranks the outputs from best to worst.

This data is used to train our reward model.

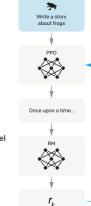
Collect comparison data,

Step 3

Optimize a policy against the reward model using reinforcement learning.

A new prompt is sampled from the dataset.

The policy generates an output.



The reward model calculates a reward for the output.

The reward is used to update the policy using PPO.

LLMS Passing Tests

Med-PaLM 2 was the first LLM to perform at an "expert" test-taker level performance on the MedQA dataset of US Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE)-style questions, reaching 85%+ accuracy, and it was the first AI system to reach a passing score on the MedMCQA dataset comprising Indian AIIMS and NEET medical examination questions, scoring 72.3%.

In healthcare

Thymia - Mental health

Med-Palm2 - Google LLM (asking medical questions)

RIKEN Center for Biosystems Dynamics Research - StemCells to help repair eyes?

Suki.ai - Physician Notes and other Admin tasks

The Landscape Now

Make Better Models - Experts

Fine tuning existing models - Data Scientists (use HuggingFace, or google Vertex AI)

Make applications with Zero/Few Shot - Everyone else (use https://platform.openai.com/)